



CSI: DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE
Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS
Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

Product Certification System:

The ICC-ES product-certification system includes evaluating reports of tests of standard manufactured product, prepared by accredited testing laboratories and provided by the listee, to verify compliance with applicable codes and standards. The system also involves factory inspections, and assessment and surveillance of the listee's quality system.

Product: Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor System in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete

Listee: HILTI, INC.

Compliance with the following standards:

- Annex D, Anchorage of CSA A23.3-14, Design of Concrete Structures, CSA Group.

Compliance with the following codes:

Hilti HIT- HY 200 V3 adhesive anchor system in cracked and uncracked concrete, as described in this listing report, are in conformance with CSA A23.3-14, Annex D, as referenced in the applicable section of the following code editions:

- *National Building Code of Canada®* 2015 and 2010
Applicable Section: Division B, Part 4, Section 4.3.3.

Description of adhesive anchor system:

The Hilti HIT- HY 200 V3 Adhesive is an injectable two-component hybrid adhesive. The two components are separated by means of a dual-cylinder foil pack attached to a manifold. The two components combine and react when dispensed through a static mixing nozzle attached to the manifold. Hilti HIT- HY 200 V3 is available in 11.1-ounce (330 mL) and 16.9-ounce (500 mL) foil packs. The manifold attached to each foil pack is stamped with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, applies to an unopened foil pack stored in a dry, dark environment and in accordance with Figure 2.

Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive is available in two options, Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 and Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3. Both options are subject to the same technical data as set forth in this report. Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 will have shorter working times and curing times than Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3. The packaging for each option employs a different color, which helps the user distinguish between the two adhesives.

Hole Cleaning Equipment:

Standard hole cleaning equipment, comprised of steel wire brushes and air nozzles, is described in Figure 2 of this listing report

The Hilti Safe-Set™ with Hilti HIT- HY 200 V3 consists of one of the following:

- For the anchor elements, threaded steel rods, steel reinforcing bars for use as anchors and Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts, the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD hollow carbide drill bit with a carbide drilling head conforming to ANSI B212.15 must be used. Used in conjunction with a Hilti vacuum with a minimum value for the maximum volumetric flow rate of 129 CFM (61 ℓ/s), the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD drill bit will remove the drilling dust, automatically cleaning the hole.



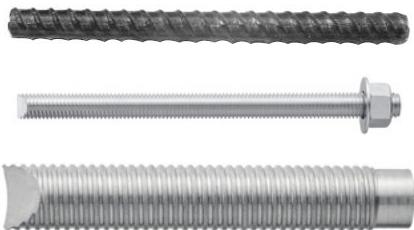
- For the anchor elements, threaded steel rods, steel reinforcing bars for use as anchors and Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts, the Hilti Safe-Set™ with TE-YRT roughening tool with a carbide roughening head is used for hole preparation in conjunction with holes core drilled with a diamond core bit as illustrated in Figure 1.

Hilti HIT- HY 200 V3 must be dispensed with manual or electric dispensers provided by Hilti.



HILTI DISPENSER

HILTI HIT-HY 200 V3 FOIL PACK AND MIXING NOZZLE



HILTI TE-CD OR TE-YD HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT



HILTI TE-YRT ROUGHENING TOOL

ANCHORING ELEMENTS

FIGURE 1—HILTI HIT-HY 200 V3 ANCHORING SYSTEM

Identification:

- Product labeling shall include, the name of the report holder and the ICC-ES mark of conformity. The listing report number (ICC-ES ELC-4868) may be used in lieu of the mark of conformity. Hilti HIT-HY 200 A V3 and Hilti HIT HY 200 R V3 adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, product name, lot number, expiration date, listing number (ELC-4868), and the ICC-ES listing mark. Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, anchor name and size, and listing report number (ELC-4868). Threaded rods, nuts, washers, cap screws, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements and must conform to applicable national or specifications as set forth in Tables 3-6 of this listing report or equivalent.
- The report holder's contact information is the following:

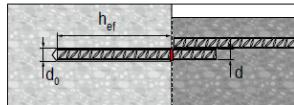
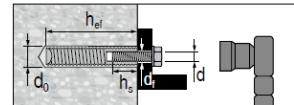
HILTI, INC.
7250 DALLAS PARKWAY, SUITE 1000
PLANO, TEXAS 75024
(800) 879-8000
www.us.hilti.com
HiltiTechEng@us.hilti.com

Installation:

1. The installation parameters are illustrated in Figure 3. Installation must be in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10 and D.10.2, as applicable. Anchor locations must comply with this listing report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor Systems must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each unit package as provided in Figure 2 of this report. The MPII contains additional requirements for combinations of drill hole depth, diameter, drill bit type, and dispensing tools.

Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive anchors may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 14°F and 104°F (-10°C and 40°C) for threaded rods, rebar, and Hilti HIS-(R)N inserts. Overhead installations for hole diameters larger than $7/16$ -inch or 10mm require the use of piston plugs (HIT-SZ, -IP) during injection to the back of the hole. $7/16$ -inch or 10mm diameter holes may be injected directly to the back of the hole with the use of extension tubing on the end of the nozzle. The anchor must be supported until fully cured (i.e., with Hilti HIT-OHW wedges, or other suitable means). Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance. Installations in concrete temperatures below 32°F (0°C) require the adhesive to be conditioned to a minimum temperature of 32°F (0°C).

Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.2 or D.10.2.3, as applicable.

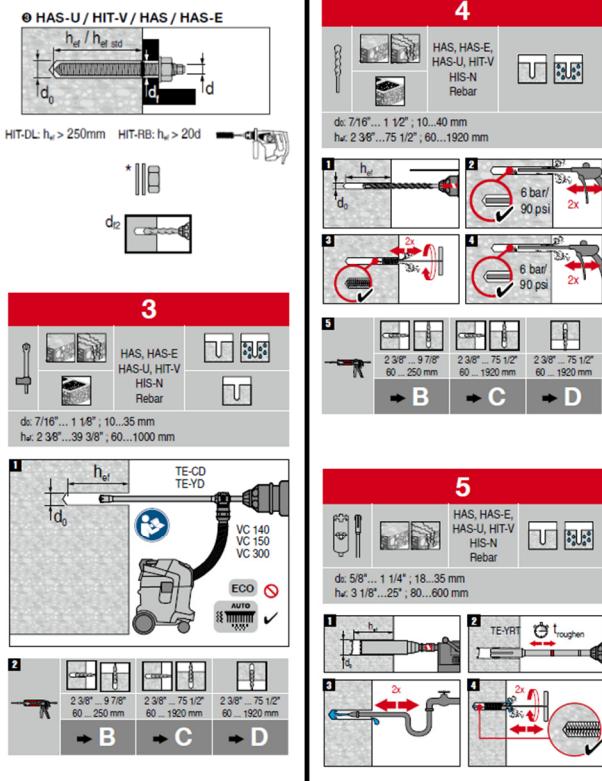
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① HAS / HAS-E / HIT-V <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">d [inch]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_e [inch]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_s [inch]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">T_{ref} [lb·ft]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d₁</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d₂</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>3/8</td><td>2 3/8 ... 7 1/2</td><td>3 3/8</td><td>≤15</td><td>1/2</td><td>7/16</td></tr> <tr><td>1/2</td><td>2 3/4 ... 10</td><td>4 1/2</td><td>≤30</td><td>5/8</td><td>9/16</td></tr> <tr><td>5/8</td><td>3 1/8 ... 12 1/2</td><td>5 5/8</td><td>≤80</td><td>13 1/8</td><td>11/16</td></tr> <tr><td>3/4</td><td>3 1/2 ... 15</td><td>6 3/4</td><td>≤100</td><td>15 1/8</td><td>13 1/8</td></tr> <tr><td>7/8</td><td>3 1/2 ... 17 1/2</td><td>6 3/4</td><td>≤125</td><td>1 1/8</td><td>15 1/8</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>4 ... 20</td><td>-</td><td>≤150</td><td>1 1/4</td><td>1 1/8</td></tr> <tr><td>1/4</td><td>5 ... 25</td><td>-</td><td>≤200</td><td>1 1/2</td><td>1 3/8</td></tr> </tbody> </table>						d [inch]	h _e [inch]	h _s [inch]	T _{ref} [lb·ft]	d ₁	d ₂	3/8	2 3/8 ... 7 1/2	3 3/8	≤15	1/2	7/16	1/2	2 3/4 ... 10	4 1/2	≤30	5/8	9/16	5/8	3 1/8 ... 12 1/2	5 5/8	≤80	13 1/8	11/16	3/4	3 1/2 ... 15	6 3/4	≤100	15 1/8	13 1/8	7/8	3 1/2 ... 17 1/2	6 3/4	≤125	1 1/8	15 1/8	1	4 ... 20	-	≤150	1 1/4	1 1/8	1/4	5 ... 25	-	≤200	1 1/2	1 3/8	① Rebar  ② HIS-N, -RN 						① Rebar <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">d [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_e [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_s [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_s [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">T_{ref} [Nm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">h_e [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d₁ [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d₂ [mm]</th> <th style="width: 10%;">d₀ [mm]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>8</td><td>60...480</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>M8</td><td>60-160</td><td>≤10</td><td>11</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>60...600</td><td>M8</td><td>90</td><td>9</td><td>8-20</td><td>≤10</td><td>M10</td><td>60-200</td><td>≤20</td><td>14</td><td>12</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>70...720</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>75...1000</td><td>M10</td><td>110</td><td>12</td><td>10-25</td><td>≤20</td><td>M10</td><td>80-320</td><td>≤80</td><td>20*</td><td>18</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>80...1000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>85...1000</td><td>M12</td><td>125</td><td>14</td><td>12-30</td><td>≤40</td><td>M20</td><td>90-400</td><td>≤150</td><td>24*</td><td>22</td><td>22</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>90...1000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>22</td><td>95...1000</td><td>M10</td><td>170</td><td>18</td><td>16-40</td><td>≤80</td><td>M24</td><td>96-480</td><td>≤200</td><td>30*</td><td>26</td><td>28</td></tr> <tr><td>24/25</td><td>96/100...1000</td><td>M20</td><td>205</td><td>22</td><td>20-50</td><td>≤150</td><td>M27</td><td>108-540</td><td>≤270</td><td>32*</td><td>30</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>26/28</td><td>104/112...1000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>32</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>120...1000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>37</td></tr> <tr><td>32</td><td>126...1000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>40</td></tr> </tbody> </table>						d [mm]	h _e [mm]	d [mm]	h _s [mm]	d [mm]	h _s [mm]	T _{ref} [Nm]	d [mm]	h _e [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	d ₀ [mm]	8	60...480						M8	60-160	≤10	11	9	10	10	60...600	M8	90	9	8-20	≤10	M10	60-200	≤20	14	12	12	12	70...720											16	14	75...1000	M10	110	12	10-25	≤20	M10	80-320	≤80	20*	18	18	16	80...1000											20	18	85...1000	M12	125	14	12-30	≤40	M20	90-400	≤150	24*	22	22	20	90...1000											25	22	95...1000	M10	170	18	16-40	≤80	M24	96-480	≤200	30*	26	28	24/25	96/100...1000	M20	205	22	20-50	≤150	M27	108-540	≤270	32*	30	30	26/28	104/112...1000											32	30	120...1000											37	32	126...1000											40
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HIT-RE-M  Art. No. 337111	HIT-OHW  Art. No. VC 140/150/300	387550
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①  Art. No. 381215		≥ 6 bar/90 psi @ 6 m³/h ≥ 140 m³/h @ 82 CFM
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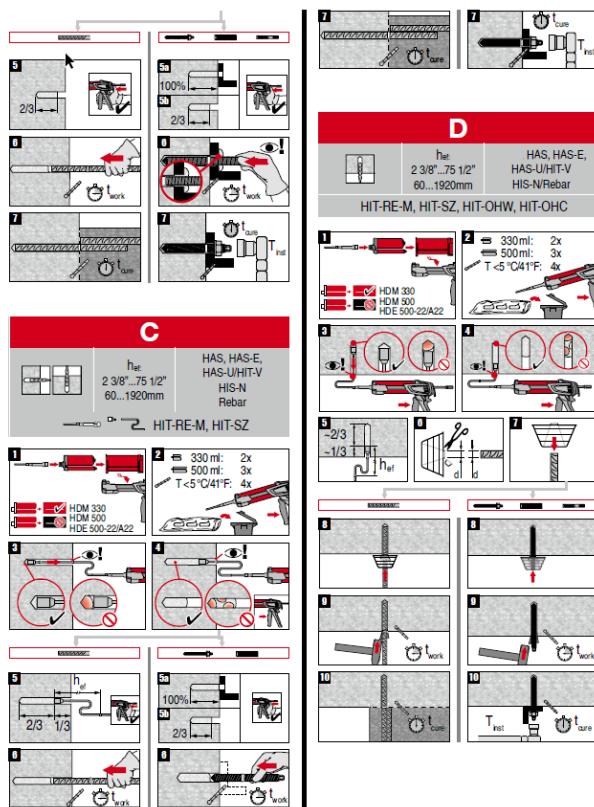
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FIGURE 2—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)



11

Hilti HIT-HY 200-A/R V3

EN Adhesive anchoring system for rebar and anchor fastenings in concrete.

Hilti HIT-HY 200-A/R V3

Contains: Hydroxypropylmethacrylate (A), 1,4-Butanediol-dimethylacrylate (A), Dibenzoylperoxide (B) 2,2-(m-tolylamino)diethanol (A)

Warning: May cause an allergic skin reaction. (A, B) | Causes serious eye irritation. (B) | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (B) | Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. | Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. | **IF ON SKIN:** Wash with plenty of water. | **IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. | **If skin irritation or rash occurs:** Get medical advice/attention. | **If eye irritation persists:** Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal considerations: Empty packs: Leave the mixer attached and dispose of via the local Green Dot recovery system or EAK waste material code: 150102 plastic packaging **Full or partially emptied packs:** Must be disposed of as special waste in accordance with official regulations. EAK waste material code: 08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances, or EAK waste material code: 20 01 27* paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances.

Product information: Always keep these instructions together with the product even when given to other persons. **Material Safety Data Sheet:** Review the MSDS before use. **Check expiration date:** See imprint on foil pack manifold (month/year). Do not use expired product. **Foil pack temperature during usage:** 0 °C to 40 °C / 32 °F to 104 °F. **Base material temperature at time of installation:** HIT-U, HIT-V, HIS, Rebar: between -10 °C and 40 °C / 14 °F and 104 °F. HIT-Z: between +5 °C and 40 °C / 41 °F and 104 °F. **Conditions for transport and storage:** Keep in a cool, dry and dark place between 5 °C and 25 °C / 41 °F and 77 °F. For any application not covered by this document / beyond values specified, please contact Hilti. **Partly used foil packs must remain in the cassette** and has to be used within **4 weeks**. Leave the mixer attached on the foil pack manifold and **store within the cassette** on the recommended storage conditions. If reused, attach a new mixer and discard the initial quantity of anchor adhesive.

Failure to observe these installation instructions, use of non-Hilti anchors, poor or questionable concrete conditions, or unique applications may affect the reliability or performance of the fasteners.

▲ NOTICE

▲ The surface of the HIT-Z anchor rod must not be altered in any way.

▲ The thread of HIT-Z must stay free from dirt and dust during the installation procedure and its cones must be fully embedded into mortar (especially at minimum embedment). Torque moment must always be applied on HIT-Z nut and washer installed above a solid baseplate laying on concrete.

▲ Improper handling may cause mortar splashes. Always wear safety glasses, gloves and protective clothes during installation. | Never start dispensing without a mixer properly screwed on. | Attach a new mixer prior to dispensing a new foil pack (ensure snug fit). | Use only the type of mixer (HIT-RE-M) supplied with the adhesive. Do not modify the mixer in any way. | Never use damaged foil packs and/or damaged or unclear foil pack headers (cassettes).

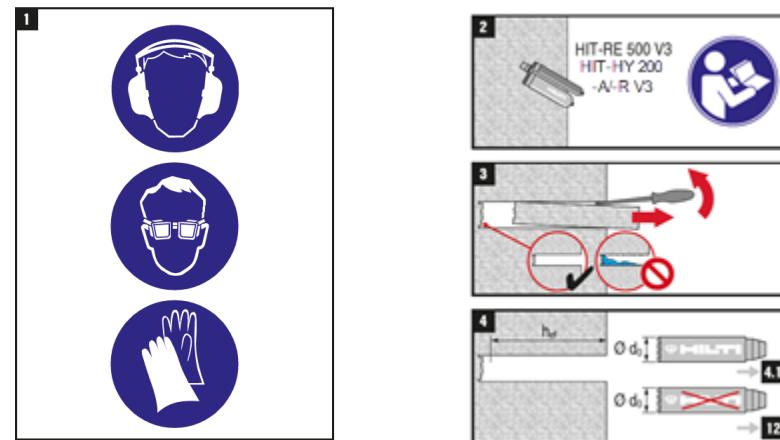
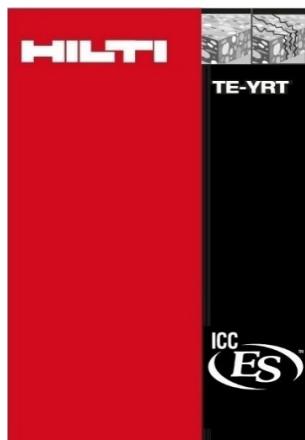
▲ **Peak load values / potential failure of fastening points due to inadequate borehole cleaning:** Hilti hollow drill bits TE-CD, TE-YD must be used in conjunction with a properly maintained Hilti vacuum cleaner with model and suction capacity (volume/flow rate) as specified in the accessory table. | The boreholes must be free of debris, dust, water, ice, oil, grease and other contaminants prior to adhesive injection. | For blowing out the borehole – blow out with oil free air until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. | For flushing the borehole – flush with water line pressure until water runs clear. | For brushing the borehole – only use specified wire brush. The brush must resist insertion into the borehole – if not the brush is too small and must be replaced. | **Important!** Remove all water from the borehole and blow out with oil free compressed air until borehole is completely dried before mortar injection (not applicable to hammer drilled hole in underwater application). | Do not exceed the roughening time when roughening the drilled hole!

12

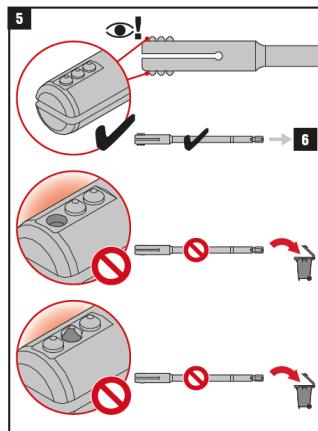
▲ Ensure that boreholes are filled from the back of the borehole without forming air voids. If necessary use the accessories / extensions to reach the back of the borehole. | For overhead applications use the overhead accessories HIT-SZ and take special care when inserting the fastening element. Excess adhesive may be forced out of the borehole. Make sure that no mortar drips onto the installer. | In water saturated concrete it is required to set the anchor immediately after cleaning the borehole.

▲ Not adhering to these setting instructions can result in failure of fastening points!

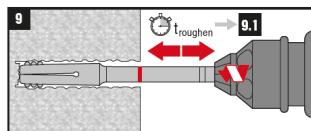
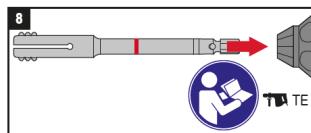
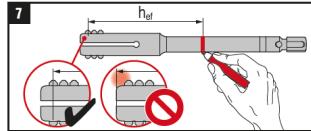
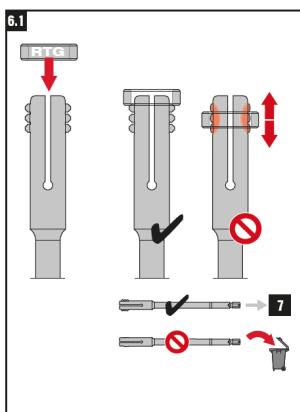
FIGURE 2—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)



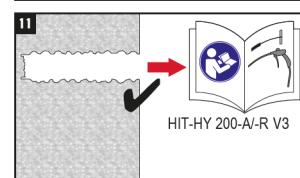
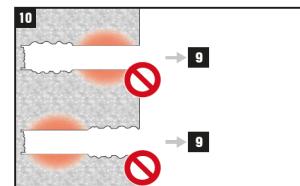
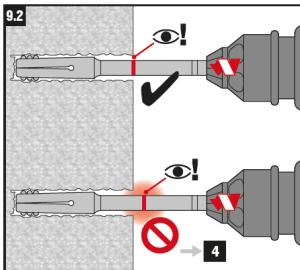
4.1	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	TE-YRT
18	TE-YRT 18/320	
20	TE-YRT 20/320	
22	TE-YRT 22/400	
25	TE-YRT 25/400	
28	TE-YRT 28/480	
30	TE-YRT 30/540	
32	TE-YRT 32/500	
35	TE-YRT 35/600	
HILTI		TE-YRT
3/4"	TE-YRT 3/4" / 12 1/2"	
7/8"	TE-YRT 7/8" / 15"	
1"	TE-YRT 1" / 17 1/2"	
1 1/8"	TE-YRT 1 1/8" / 20"	
1 3/8"	TE-YRT 1 3/8" / 25"	



6	TE-YRT	RTG
TE-YRT 18/320	RTG 18	
TE-YRT 20/320	RTG 20	
TE-YRT 22/400	RTG 22	
TE-YRT 25/400	RTG 25	
TE-YRT 28/480	RTG 28	
TE-YRT 30/540	RTG 30	
TE-YRT 32/500	RTG 32	
TE-YRT 35/600	RTG 35	
HILTI		RTG
TE-YRT 3/4" / 12 1/2"	RTG 3/4"	
TE-YRT 7/8" / 15"	RTG 7/8"	
TE-YRT 1" / 17 1/2"	RTG 1"	
TE-YRT 1 1/8" / 20"	RTG 1 1/8"	
TE-YRT 1 3/8" / 25"	RTG 1 3/8"	



9.1	h_{ef} [mm]	$t_{roughen}$ ($= h_{ef} / 10$)
0 ... 100	10 sec	
101 ... 200	20 sec	
201 ... 300	30 sec	
301 ... 400	40 sec	
401 ... 500	50 sec	
501 ... 600	60 sec	
h_{ef} [inch]	$t_{roughen}$ ($= h_{ef} / 2.5$)	
0 ... 4	10 sec	
4.01 ... 8	20 sec	
8.01 ... 12	30 sec	
12.01 ... 16	40 sec	
16.01 ... 20	50 sec	
20.01 ... 25	60 sec	

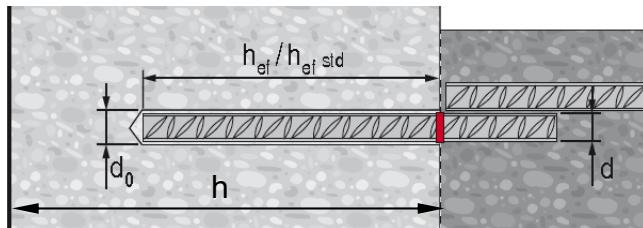


12	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	TE-YRT
17,9 ... 18,2	TE-YRT 18/320	
19,9 ... 20,2	TE-YRT 20/320	
21,9 ... 22,2	TE-YRT 22/400	
24,9 ... 25,2	TE-YRT 25/400	
27,9 ... 28,2	TE-YRT 28/480	
29,9 ... 30,2	TE-YRT 30/540	
31,9 ... 32,2	TE-YRT 32/500	
34,9 ... 35,2	TE-YRT 35/600	
$\varnothing d_0$ [inch]	TE-YRT	
0.764 ... 0.776	TE-YRT 3/4" / 12 1/2"	
0.862 ... 0.874	TE-YRT 7/8" / 15"	
1.008 ... 1.020	TE-YRT 1" / 17 1/2"	
1.146 ... 1.157	TE-YRT 1 1/8" / 20"	
1.374 ... 1.386	TE-YRT 1 3/8" / 25"	

FIGURE 2—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII)

Anchor setting information:

DEFORMED REINFORCEMENT



US REBAR

d	$\varnothing d_0$ [inch]	$h_{ef \text{ std}}$ [inch]	h_{ef} [inch]
#3	1/2	3 3/8	2 3/8...7 1/2
#4	5/8	4 1/2	2 3/4...10
#5	3/4	5 5/8	3 1/8...12 1/2
#6	7/8	6 3/4	3 1/2...15
#7	1	7 7/8	3 1/2...17 1/2
#8	1 1/8	9	4...20
#9	1 1/8	10 1/8	4 1/2...22 1/2
#10	1 1/2	11 1/4	5...25

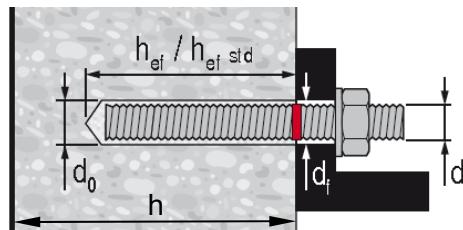
CANADIAN REBAR

d	$\varnothing d_0$ [inch]	$h_{ef \text{ std}}$ [mm]	h_{ef} [mm]
10 M	9/16	115	70...226
15 M	3/4	145	80...320
20 M	1	200	90...390
25 M	1 1/4	230	101...504
30 M	1 1/2	260	120...598

EUROPEAN REBAR

$\varnothing d$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	$h_{ef \text{ std}}$ [mm]	h_{ef} [mm]
10	14	90	60...200
12	16	110	70...240
14	18	125	75...280
16	20	125	80...320
20	25	170	90...400
25	32	210	100...500
28	35	270	112...560
32	40	300	128...640

THREADED ROD



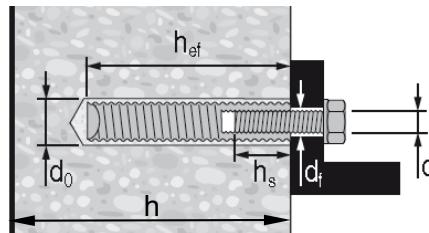
FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

$\varnothing d$ [inch]	$\varnothing d_0$ [inch]	$h_{ef \text{ std}}$ [inch]	h_{ef} [inch]	T_{max} [ft-lb]	T_{max} [Nm]
3/8	7/16	3 3/8	2 3/8...7 1/2	15	20
1/2	9/16	4 1/2	2 3/4...10	30	41
5/8	3/4	5 5/8	3 1/8...12 1/2	60	81
3/4	7/8	6 3/4	3 1/2...15	100	136
7/8	1	7 7/8	3 1/2...17 1/2	125	169
1	1 1/8	9	4...20	150	203
1 1/4	1 1/8	11 1/4	5...25	200	271

METRIC THREADED ROD

$\varnothing d$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	$h_{ef \text{ std}}$ [mm]	h_{ef} [mm]	T_{max} [Nm]
M10	12	90	60...200	20
M12	14	110	70...240	40
M16	18	125	80...320	80
M20	22	170	90...400	150
M24	28	210	96...480	200
M27	30	240	108...540	270
M30	35	270	120...600	300

HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS



FRACTIONAL HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS

$\varnothing d$ [inch]	$\varnothing d_0$ [inch]	h_{ef} [inch]	$\varnothing d_i$ [inch]	h_s [inch]	T_{max} [ft-lb]	T_{max} [Nm]
3/8	11/16	4 3/8	7/16	3/8...15/16	15	20
1/2	7/8	5	9/16	1/2...1 3/16	30	41
5/8	1 1/8	6 3/4	11/16	5/8...1 1/2	60	81
3/4	1 1/4	8 1/8	13/16	3/4...1 7/8	100	136

METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS

$\varnothing d$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	h_{ef} [mm]	$\varnothing d_i$ [mm]	h_s [mm]	T_{max} [Nm]
M8	14	90	9	8...20	10
M10	18	110	12	10...25	20
M12	22	125	14	12...30	40
M16	28	170	18	16...40	80
M20	32	205	22	20...50	150

FIGURE 3—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED ADHESIVE ANCHORS

TABLE 1—INSTALLATION TORQUE SUBJECT TO EDGE DISTANCE

For anchors that will be torqued during installation, the maximum torque, T_{max} , must be reduced for edge distances less than the values given in Tables 9, 15, 21, and 25 as applicable. For edge distances c_{ai} and anchor spacing s_{ai} , the maximum torque T_{max} shall comply with the following requirements:

REDUCED MAXIMUM INSTALLATION TORQUE $T_{max,red}$ FOR EDGE DISTANCES $c_{ai} < (5 \times d_a)$		
EDGE DISTANCE, c_{ai}	MINIMUM ANCHOR SPACING, s_{ai}	MAXIMUM TORQUE, $T_{max,red}$
1.75 in. (45 mm) $\leq c_{ai}$	$5 \times d_a \leq s_{ai} < 16$ in.	$0.3 \times T_{max}$
$< 5 \times d_a$	$s_{ai} \geq 16$ in. (406 mm)	$0.5 \times T_{max}$

Ultimate Limit States Design:

Design resistance of anchors for compliance with the 2015 NBCC must be determined in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Annex D, and this listing report.

Design table index is provided in Table 2 and design parameters are provided in Tables 3 through 26 of this listing report are based on the 2015 NBCC (CSA A23.3-14). The limit states design of anchors must comply with CSA A23.3-14 D.5.1, except as required in CSA A23.3-14 D.4.3.1.

Material resistance factors must be $\phi_c = 0.65$ and $\phi_s = 0.85$ in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Sections 8.4.2 and 8.4.3, and resistance modification factor, R , as given in CSA A23.3-14 Section D.5.3, and noted in Tables 7 through 26 of this listing report, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC, or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14. The nominal strength, N_{sa} or V_{sa} , in Tables 7, 8, 14, 20 and 24 of this listing report must be multiplied by ϕ_s and R to determine the factored resistance, N_{sar} or V_{sar} . The nominal strength, N_{cbr} , N_{cbgr} , V_{cbr} , and V_{cbgr} , in Tables 9, 15, 21, and 25 of this listing report must be multiplied by ϕ_c and R to determine the factored resistance, N_{cbr} , N_{cbgr} , V_{cbr} , and V_{cbgr} .

The factored bond resistance, N_{bar} , must be multiplied by ϕ_c and the permissible installation condition factors for dry concrete, R_d , water-saturated concrete, R_{ws} , and water-filled holes, R_{wf} , for the corresponding installation conditions as given in Tables 10 through 13, 16 through 19, 22, 23 and 26.

For anchors to be installed in seismic regions described in NBCC 2015: The factored resistance shear strength, V_{sar} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in Tables 7, 8, 14, 20, and 24 for the corresponding anchor steel. The nominal bond strength $\tau_{k,cr}$ must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$ as given in Tables 10 through 13, 16 through 19, 22, 23 and 26.

TABLE 2—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

Design Table		Fractional		Metric	
		Table	Page	Table	Page
Standard Threaded Rod	Steel Strength - N_{sa} , V_{sa}	7	12	14	19
	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbgr} , V_{cb} , V_{cbg} , V_{cp} , V_{cpq}	9	14	15	20
	Bond Strength - N_a , N_{ag}	12 & 13	17 & 18	18 & 19	23 & 24
Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Internally Threaded Insert	Steel Strength - N_{sa} , V_{sa}	24	29	24	29
	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbgr} , V_{cb} , V_{cbg} , V_{cp} , V_{cpq}	25	30	25	30
	Bond Strength - N_a , N_{ag}	26	31	26	31
Design Table		Fractional		EU Metric	
		Table	Page	Table	Page
Steel Reinforcing Bars	Steel Strength - N_{sa} , V_{sa}	8	13	14	19
	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbgr} , V_{cb} , V_{cbg} , V_{cp} , V_{cpq}	9	14	15	20
	Bond Strength - N_a , N_{ag}	10 & 11	15 & 16	16 & 17	21 & 22
				22 & 23	27 & 28

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS¹

THREADED ROD SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset, f_{ya}	f_{uta}/f_{ya}	Elongation, min. percent ⁷	Reduction of Area, min. percent	Specification for nuts ⁸	
CARBON STEEL	ASTM A193 ² Grade B7 $\leq 2\frac{1}{2}$ in. (≤ 64 mm)	MPa	862	724	1.19	16	50	ASTM A563 Grade DH
	ASTM F568M ³ Class 5.8 M5 ($\frac{1}{4}$ in.) to M24 (1 in.) (equivalent to ISO 898-1)	MPa	500	400	1.25	10	35	ASTM A563 Grade DH ⁹ DIN 934 (8-A2K)
	ASTM F1554, Grade 36 ⁷	MPa	400	248	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563
	ASTM F1554, Grade 55 ⁷	MPa	517	379	1.36	21	30	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563
	ASTM F1554, Grade 105 ⁷	MPa	862	724	1.19	15	45	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563
	ISO 898-1 ⁴ Class 5.8	MPa	500	400	1.25	22	-	DIN 934 Grade 6
	ISO 898-1 ⁴ Class 8.8	MPa	800	640	1.25	12	52	DIN 934 Grade 8
STAINLESS STEEL	ASTM F593 ⁵ CW1 (316) $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. to $\frac{5}{8}$ -in.	MPa	689	448	1.54	20	-	ASTM F594
	ASTM F593 ⁵ CW2 (316) $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in.	MPa	586	310	1.89	25	-	ASTM F594
	ASTM A193 Grade 8(M), Class 1 ² - 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -in.	MPa	517	207	2.50	30	50	ASTM F594
	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-70 M8 – M24	MPa	700	450	1.56	40	-	ISO 4032
	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-50 M27 – M30	MPa	500	210	2.38	40	-	ISO 4032

¹ Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive may be used in conjunction with all grades of continuously threaded carbon or stainless steel rod (all-thread) that comply with the code reference standards and that have thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series. Values for threaded rod types and associated nuts supplied by Hilti are provided here.

² Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service

³ Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners

⁴ Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁵ Standard Steel Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs

⁶ Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁷ Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except for A193, which are based on a gauge length of 4d and ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁸ Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

⁹ Nuts for fractional rods.

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

REINFORCING BAR SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength, f_{ya}
ASTM A615 ¹ Gr. 60	MPa	550	414
ASTM A615 ¹ Gr. 40	MPa	414	276
ASTM A706 ² Gr. 60	MPa	550	414
DIN 488 ³ BSt 500	MPa	550	500
CAN/CSA-G30.18 ⁴ Gr. 400	MPa	540	400

¹ Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

² Standard Specification for Low Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

³ Reinforcing steel; reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses

⁴ Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

TABLE 5—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS

HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength, f_{ya}
Carbon Steel DIN EN 10277-3 11SMnPb30+c or DIN 1561 9SMnPb28K $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. and M8 to M10	MPa	490	410
Carbon Steel DIN EN 10277-3 11SMnPb30+c or DIN 1561 9SMnPb28K $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. and M12 to M20	MPa	460	375
Stainless Steel EN 10088-3 X5CrNiMo 17-12-2	MPa	700	350

TABLE 6—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON BOLTS, CAP SCREWS AND STUDS FOR USE WITH HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS^{1,2}

BOLT, CAP SCREW OR STUD SPECIFICATION	Minimum specified ultimate strength f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset f_{ya}	f_{uta}/f_{ya}	Elongation, min.	Reduction of Area, min.	Specification for nuts ⁶
SAE J429 ³ Grade 5	MPa	828	634	1.30	14	35
ASTM A325 ⁴ $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1-in.	MPa	828	634	1.30	14	35
ASTM A193 ⁵ Grade B8M (AISI 316) for use with HIS-RN	MPa	759	655	1.16	15	45
ASTM A193 ⁵ Grade B8T (AISI 321) for use with HIS-RN	MPa	862	690	1.25	12	35

¹ Minimum Grade 5 bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with carbon steel HIS inserts.² Only stainless steel bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with HIS-RN inserts.³ Mechanical and Material Requirements for Externally Threaded Fasteners⁴ Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength⁵ Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service⁶ Nuts must have specified minimum proof load stress equal to or greater than the specified minimum full-size tensile strength of the specified stud.⁷ Nuts for stainless steel studs must be of the same alloy group as the specified bolt, cap screw, or stud.



Fractional Threaded Rod

Steel Strength

TABLE 7—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (in.) ¹						
			3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1 1/4
Rod O.D.	<i>d</i>	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.5 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1 (25.4)	1.25 (31.8)
Rod effective cross-sectional area	<i>A_{se}</i>	in. ² (mm ²)	0.0775 (50)	0.1419 (92)	0.2260 (146)	0.3345 (216)	0.4617 (298)	0.6057 (391)	0.9691 (625)
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	N _{sa}	kN	25.0	45.8	72.9	107.9	148.9	195.3	312.5
	V _{sa}	kN	15.0	27.5	43.7	64.7	89.3	117.2	187.5
	α _{v,seis}	-				1.00			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.70			
ASTM A193 B7	<i>R</i>	-				0.65			
	N _{sa}	kN	43.1	78.9	125.7	186.0	256.7	336.8	538.8
	V _{sa}	kN	25.9	47.3	75.4	111.6	154.0	202.1	323.3
	α _{v,seis}	-				1.00			
ASTM F1554 Gr. 36	<i>R</i>	-				0.80			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.75			
	N _{sa}	kN	-	36.6	58.3	86.3	119.1	156.3	250.0
	V _{sa}	kN	-	22.0	35.0	51.8	71.5	93.8	150.0
ASTM F1554 Gr. 55	α _{v,seis}	-				0.60			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.80			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.75			
	N _{sa}	kN	-	47.4	75.4	111.6	154.0	202.1	323.3
ASTM F1554 Gr. 105	V _{sa}	kN	-	28.4	45.2	67.0	92.4	121.3	194.0
	α _{v,seis}	-				1.00			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.80			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.75			
ASTM F593, CW Stainless	N _{sa}	kN	-	78.9	125.7	186.0	256.7	336.8	538.8
	V _{sa}	kN	-	47.3	75.4	111.6	154.0	202.1	323.3
	α _{v,seis}	-				1.00			
	<i>R</i>	-				0.80			
ASTM A193, Gr. 8(M), Class 1 Stainless	<i>R</i>	-				0.75			
	N _{sa}	kN	34.5	63.1	100.5	126.5	174.6	229.0	-
	V _{sa}	kN	20.7	37.9	60.3	75.9	104.7	137.4	-
	α _{v,seis}	-				0.80			
	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-			0.70			-
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-			0.65			-
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>				-			245.7
	V _{sa}	kN				-			147.4
	Reduction factor, seismic shear	α _{v,seis}	-			-			0.80
	Resistance modification factor for tension ²	<i>R</i>	-			-			0.80
	Resistance modification factor for shear ²	<i>R</i>	-			-			0.75

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

¹ Values provided for common material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

² The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.

³ The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.



Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Steel Strength

TABLE 8—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal Reinforcing bar size (Rebar)							
			#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Nominal bar diameter	<i>d</i>	in. (mm)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	7/8 (22.2)	1 (25.4)	1 1/8 (28.6)	1 1/4 (31.8)
Bar effective cross-sectional area	<i>A_{se}</i>	in. ² (mm ²)	0.11 (71)	0.2 (129)	0.31 (200)	0.44 (284)	0.6 (387)	0.79 (510)	1.0 (645)	1.27 (819)
ASTM A615 Grade 40	N _{sa}	kN	29.4	53.4	82.7	117.4	160.1	210.9	266.9	339.0
	V _{sa}	kN	17.6	32.0	49.6	70.5	96.1	126.5	160.1	203.4
	αV_{seis}	-					0.70			
	<i>R</i>	-					0.70			
ASTM A615 Grade 60	<i>R</i>	-					0.65			
	N _{sa}	kN	39.1	71.2	110.3	156.6	213.5	281.1	355.9	452.0
	V _{sa}	kN	23.5	42.7	66.2	93.9	128.1	168.7	213.5	271.2
	αV_{seis}	-					0.70			
ASTM A706 Grade 60	<i>R</i>	-					0.70			
	<i>R</i>	-					0.65			
	N _{sa}	kN	39.1	71.2	110.3	156.6	213.5	281.1	355.9	452.0
	V _{sa}	kN	23.5	42.7	66.2	94.0	128.1	168.7	213.5	271.2
	αV_{seis}	-					0.70			
	<i>R</i>	-					0.80			
	<i>R</i>	-					0.75			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

¹ Values provided for common material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

² The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.

³ The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

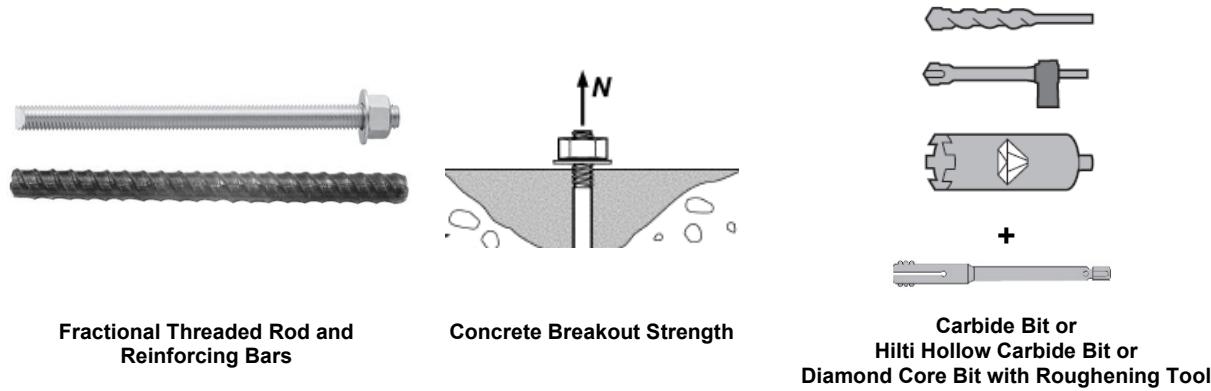


TABLE 9—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (in.) / Reinforcing bar size																				
			$\frac{3}{8}$ or #3	$\frac{1}{2}$	#4	$\frac{5}{8}$	#5	$\frac{3}{4}$	#6	$\frac{7}{8}$	#7	1 or #8	#9	$1\frac{1}{4}$ or #10									
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	$k_{c,cr}$	SI (in-lb)							7														
									(17)														
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	$k_{c,uncr}$	SI (in-lb)							10														
									(24)														
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 ($2\frac{3}{8}$)	70 ($2\frac{3}{4}$)	60 ($2\frac{3}{8}$)	79 ($3\frac{1}{8}$)	76 (3)	89 ($3\frac{1}{2}$)	76 (3)	89 ($3\frac{1}{2}$)	85 ($3\frac{3}{8}$)	102 (4)	114 ($4\frac{1}{2}$)	127 (5)									
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	191 ($7\frac{1}{2}$)	254 (10)	254 (10)	318 ($12\frac{1}{2}$)	318 ($12\frac{1}{2}$)	381 (15)	381 (15)	445 ($17\frac{1}{2}$)	445 ($17\frac{1}{2}$)	508 (20)	572 ($22\frac{1}{2}$)	635 (25)									
Min. anchor spacing ³	s_{min}	mm (in.)	48 ($1\frac{7}{8}$)	64 ($2\frac{1}{2}$)	64 ($2\frac{1}{2}$)	79 ($3\frac{1}{8}$)	79 ($3\frac{1}{8}$)	95 ($3\frac{3}{4}$)	95 ($3\frac{3}{4}$)	111 ($4\frac{3}{8}$)	111 ($4\frac{3}{8}$)	127 (5)	143 ($5\frac{5}{8}$)	159 ($6\frac{1}{4}$)									
Min. edge distance ³	c_{min}	-	5d; or see Table 1 of this report for design with reduced minimum edge distances																				
Minimum concrete thickness	h_{min}	mm (in.)	$h_{ef} + 30$ ($h_{ef} + 1\frac{1}{4}$)			$h_{ef} + 2d_0^{(3)}$																	
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	c_{ac}	-	$2h_{ef}$																				
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00																				
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00																				

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 2, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or prout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R , applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

³ d_0 = hole diameter.

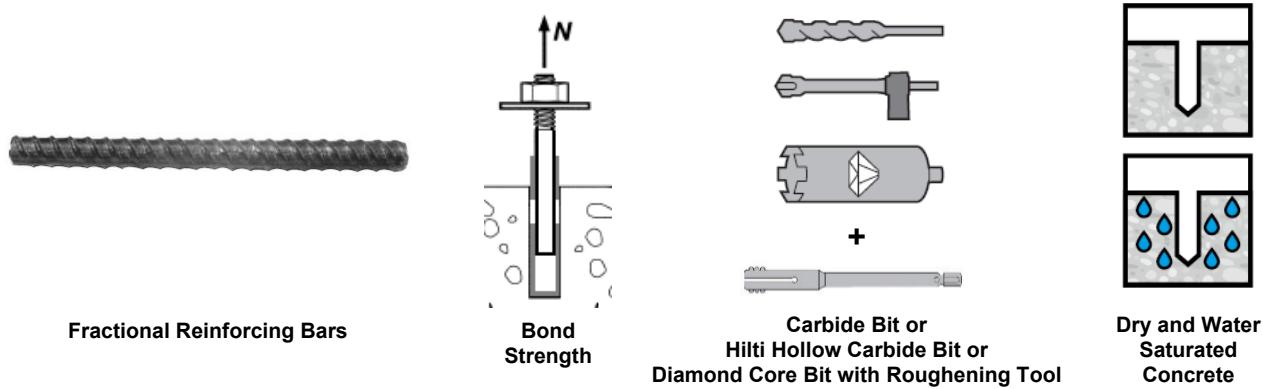


TABLE 10—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size								
			#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	70 (2 ³ / ₄)	79 (3 ¹ / ₈)	89 (3 ¹ / ₂)	89 (3 ¹ / ₂)	102 (4)	114 (4 ¹ / ₂)	127 (5)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	191 (7 ¹ / ₂)	254 (10)	318 (12 ¹ / ₂)	381 (15)	445 (17 ¹ / ₂)	508 (20)	572 (22 ¹ / ₂)	635 (25)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.7	5.8	5.9	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.7	5.8	5.9	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	4.7	4.8	4.8	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	
Permissible installation conditions	Dry concrete and water saturated concrete 	Anchor Category	-	1							
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00							
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80			0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0	
	Core drilled + roughening 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	N/A	0.71	0.77	0.82	0.95	0.79	0.83	

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature $= 55^\circ\text{C}$ (130°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature $= 80^\circ\text{C}$ (176°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature $= 120^\circ\text{C}$ (248°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 72^\circ\text{C}$ (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

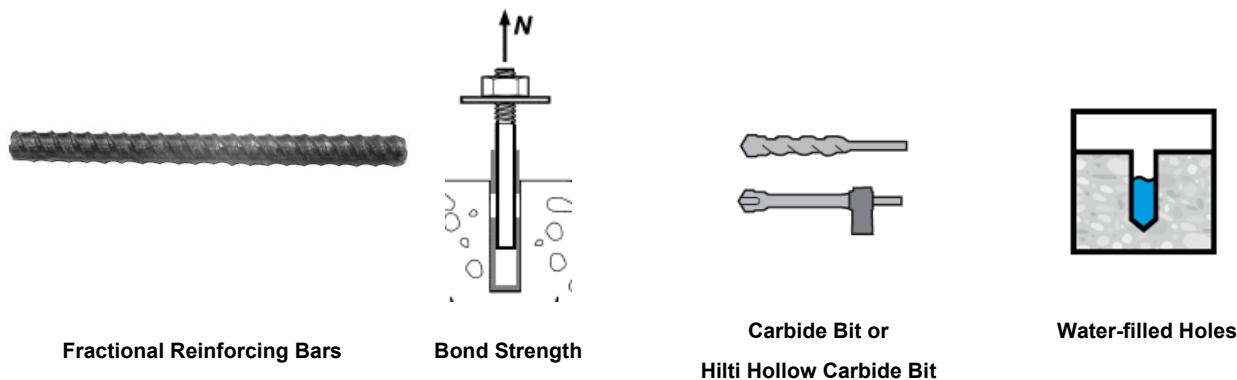


TABLE 11—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size							
				#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Minimum Embedment		$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2 ³ / ₈)	70 (2 ³ / ₄)	79 (3 ¹ / ₈)	89 (3 ¹ / ₂)	89 (3 ¹ / ₂)	102 (4)	114 (4 ¹ / ₂)	127 (5)
Maximum Embedment		$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	191 (7 ¹ / ₂)	254 (10)	318 (12 ¹ / ₂)	381 (15)	445 (17 ¹ / ₂)	508 (20)	572 (22 ¹ / ₂)	635 (25)
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Permissible installation conditions	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	3							
	Resistance modification factor	R_{wf}	-	0.75							
Reduction for seismic	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80				0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature $= 55^\circ\text{C}$ (130°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature $= 80^\circ\text{C}$ (176°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature $= 120^\circ\text{C}$ (248°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 72^\circ\text{C}$ (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

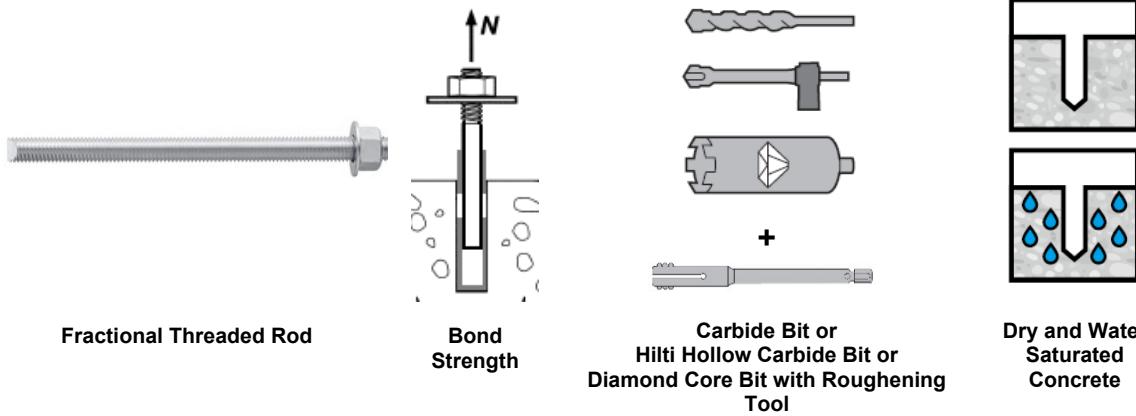


TABLE 12—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (in.)							
				3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1 1/4	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2 3/8) (2 3/4)	70 (2 3/4) (3 1/8)	79 (3 1/8) (3 1/2)	89 (3 1/2) (3 1/2)	89 (3 1/2) (3 1/2)	102 (4)	127 (5)		
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	191 (7 1/2) (10)	254 (10)	318 (12 1/2) (15)	381 (15)	445 (17 1/2) (20)	508 (20)	635 (25)		
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.8	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.5	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.8	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.5	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	5.9	6.4	6.6	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.8	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	
Permissible installation conditions	Dry and water saturated concrete 	Anchor Category	-	1							
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00							
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.88	0.99	0.99	1.0	1.0	0.95	0.99	
	Core drilled + roughening	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	N/A		0.88	0.96	0.96	1.0	0.82	

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f'_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f'_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 55°C (130°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 80°C (176°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 120°C (248°F), Maximum long term temperature = 72°C (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

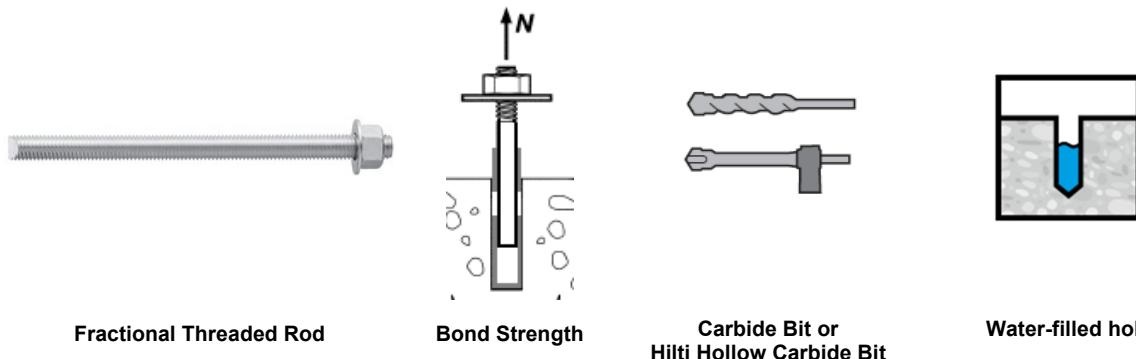


TABLE 13—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (in.)							
			$3/8$	$1/2$	$5/8$	$3/4$	$7/8$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 ($2\frac{3}{8}$)	70 ($2\frac{3}{4}$)	79 ($3\frac{1}{8}$)	89 ($3\frac{1}{2}$)	89 ($3\frac{1}{2}$)	102 (4)	127 (5)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	191 ($7\frac{1}{2}$)	254 (10)	318 ($12\frac{1}{2}$)	381 (15)	445 ($17\frac{1}{2}$)	508 (20)	635 (25)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	11.0	10.6	10.3	9.3
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	11.0	10.6	10.3	9.3
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	4.7	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	9.9	9.7	9.3	9.0	8.7	8.4	7.7
Permissible installation conditions	Water-filled hole	Anchor Category	-	3						
	Resistance modification factor	R_{wf}	-	0.75						
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.88	0.99	0.99	1.0	1.0	0.95	0.99

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature $= 55^\circ\text{C}$ (130°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature $= 80^\circ\text{C}$ (176°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature $= 120^\circ\text{C}$ (248°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 72^\circ\text{C}$ (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



**Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric
Reinforcing Bars** **Steel Strength**

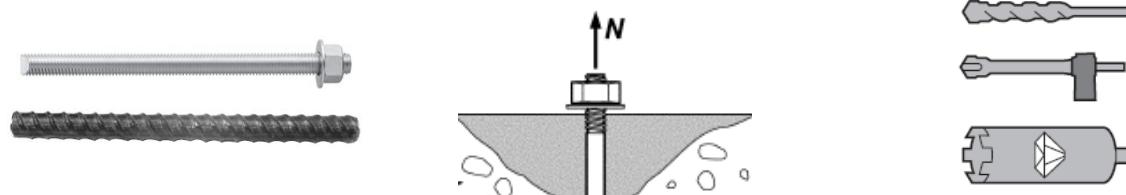
TABLE 14—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS

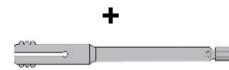
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (mm) ¹									
			10	12	16	20	24	27	30			
Rod Outside Diameter	<i>d</i>	mm (in.)	10 (0.39)	12 (0.47)	16 (0.63)	20 (0.79)	24 (0.94)	27 (1.06)	30 (1.18)			
Rod effective cross-sectional area	<i>A_{se}</i>	mm ² (in. ²)	58.0 (0.090)	84.3 (0.131)	157 (0.243)	245 (0.380)	353 (0.547)	459 (0.711)	561 (0.870)			
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	29.0	42.0	78.5	122.5	176.5	229.5	280.5		
		<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	14.5	25.5	47.0	73.5	106.0	137.5	168.5		
	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				1.00					
	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.65					
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	46.5	67.5	125.5	196.0	282.5	367.0	449.0		
		<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	23.0	40.5	75.5	117.5	169.5	220.5	269.5		
ISO 898-1 Class 8.8	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				1.00					
	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.65					
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	40.6	59.0	109.9	171.5	247.1	229.5	280.5		
		<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	20.3	35.4	65.9	102.9	148.3	137.7	168.3		
	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				0.80					
ISO 3506-1 Class A4 Stainless ³	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.65					
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	43.0	62.0	84.5	110.5	173.0	270.0	338.5		
		<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	26.0	37.5	51.0	66.5	103.0	162.0	203.0		
	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.65					
DESIGN INFORMATION			Nominal reinforcing bar diameter (mm)									
			10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32	
Nominal bar diameter	<i>d</i>	mm (in.)	10.0 (0.394)	12.0 (0.472)	14.0 (0.551)	16.0 (0.630)	20.0 (0.787)	25.0 (0.984)	28.0 (1.102)	30.0 (1.224)	32.0 (1.260)	
Bar effective cross-sectional area	<i>A_{se}</i>	mm ² (in. ²)	78.5 (0.122)	113.1 (0.175)	153.9 (0.239)	201.1 (0.312)	314.2 (0.487)	490.9 (0.761)	615.8 (0.954)	706.9 (1.096)	804.2 (1.247)	
DIN 488 BST 550/500	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	43.0	62.0	84.5	110.5	173.0	270.0	338.5	388.8	442.5
		<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	26.0	37.5	51.0	66.5	103.0	162.0	203.0	233.3	265.5
	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for tension ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.70					
	Resistance modification factor for shear ³	<i>R</i>	-				0.65					

¹ Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

² The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

³ A4-70 Stainless (M8- M24); A4-502 Stainless (M27- M30)




Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric Reinforcing Bars
Concrete Breakout Strength
**Carbide Bit or
Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or
Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool**
TABLE 15—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS ALL DRILLING METHODS¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (mm)								
			10	12	16	20	24	27	30		
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	100 (3.9)	110 (4.3)	120 (4.7)		
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	480 (18.9)	540 (21.4)	600 (23.7)		
Min. anchor spacing ³	s_{min}	mm (in.)	50 (2.0)	60 (2.4)	80 (3.2)	100 (3.9)	120 (4.7)	135 (5.3)	150 (5.9)		
Min. edge distance ³	c_{min}	-	5d; or see Table 1 of this report for design with reduced minimum edge distances								
Minimum concrete thickness	h_{min}	mm (in.)	$h_{ef} + 30$ ($h_{ef} + 1\frac{1}{4}$)	$h_{ef} + 2d_o^{(4)}$							
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar diameter (mm)								
			10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	100 (3.9)	112 (4.4)	120 (4.7)	128 (5.0)
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	280 (11.0)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	500 (19.7)	560 (22.0)	600 (23.7)	640 (25.2)
Min. anchor spacing ³	s_{min}	mm (in.)	50 (2.0)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.2)	100 (3.9)	125 (4.9)	140 (5.5)	150 (5.9)	160 (6.3)
Min. edge distance ³	c_{min}	-	5d; or see Table 1 of this report for design with reduced minimum edge distances								
Minimum concrete thickness	h_{min}	mm (in.)	$h_{ef} + 30$ ($h_{ef} + 1\frac{1}{4}$)	$h_{ef} + 2d_o^{(4)}$							
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	c_{ac}	-	$2h_{ef}$								
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	$k_{c,cr}$	SI (in-lb)	7.1 (17)								
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	$k_{c,uncr}$	SI (in-lb)	10 (24)								
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00								
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00								

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 2, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or prout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R , applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.

³ d_o = hole diameter.

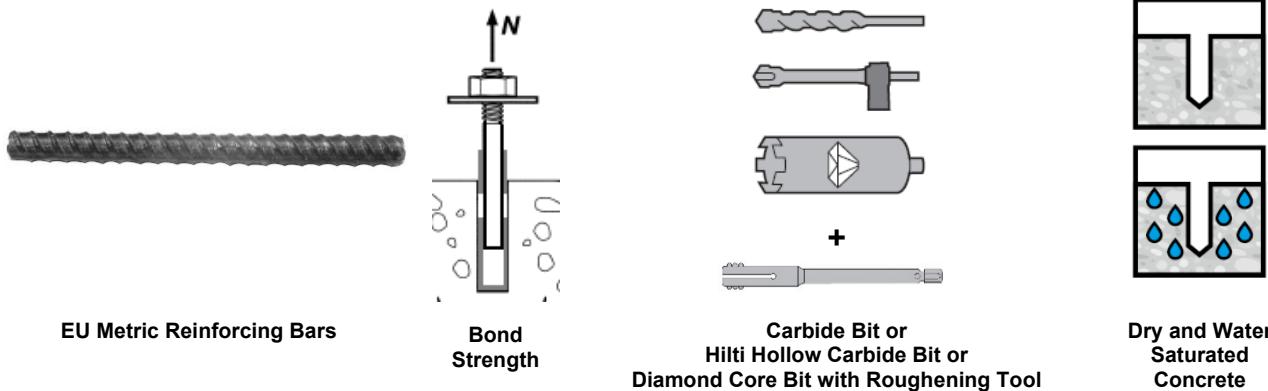


TABLE 16—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS

IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Reinforcing bar size								
			10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	75 (3.0)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	100 (3.9)	112 (4.4)	128 (5.0)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	280 (11.0)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	500 (19.7)	560 (22.0)	640 (25.2)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	5.8	5.8	5.9
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	5.8	5.8	5.9
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	4.8	4.8	4.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
Permissible Installation Conditions	Dry and water saturated concrete 	Anchor Category	-	1							
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00							
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80				0.85	0.90	1.00	
	Core drilled + roughening 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	N/A	0.71	0.77	0.86	0.78	0.86		

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f'_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f'_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 55°C (130°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 80°C (176°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 120°C (248°F), Maximum long term temperature = 72°C (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

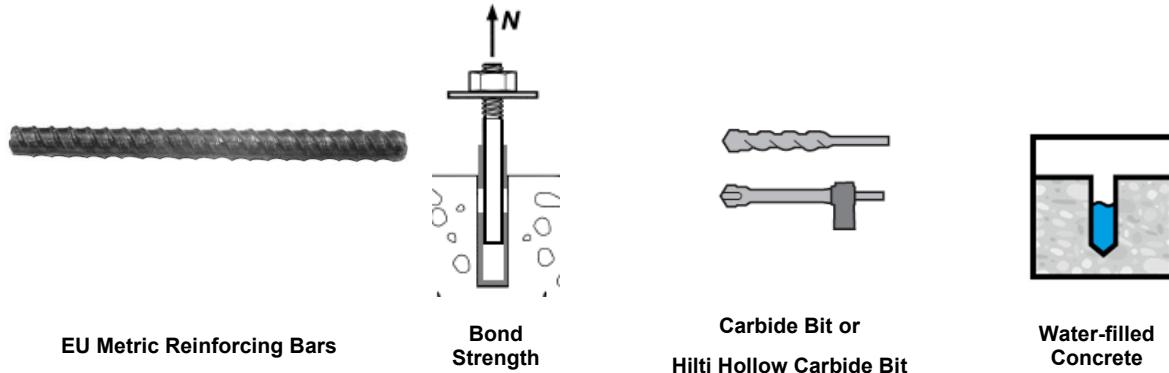
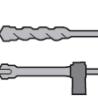


TABLE 17—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size								
			10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	in. (mm)	2 $\frac{3}{8}$ (60)	2 $\frac{3}{4}$ (70)	3 $\frac{1}{8}$ (79)	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ (89)	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ (89)	4 (102)	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ (114)	5 (127)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	in. (mm)	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ (191)	10 (254)	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ (318)	15 (381)	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ (445)	20 (508)	22 $\frac{1}{2}$ (572)	25 (635)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.7	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.7	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	4.7	4.7	
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	
Permissible installation conditions	Water-filled Hole 	Anchor Category	-	3							
	Resistance modification factor	R_{wf}	-	0.75							
Reduction for seismic	Hammer drilled 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80			0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0	

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4.448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f'_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f'_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch ($f'_c / 2,500$)^{0.1}].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature $= 55^\circ\text{C}$ (130°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature $= 80^\circ\text{C}$ (176°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature $= 120^\circ\text{C}$ (248°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 72^\circ\text{C}$ (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

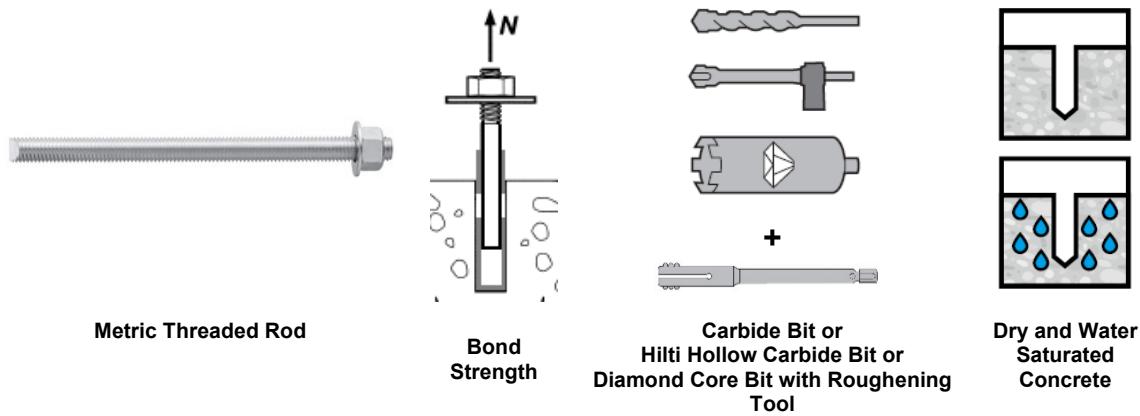


TABLE 18—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD

IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (mm)							
			10	12	16	20	24	27	30	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	96 (3.8)	108 (4.3)	120 (4.7)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	480 (18.9)	540 (21.3)	600 (23.6)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.7
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6
Permissible Installation Conditions	Dry and water saturated concrete 	Anchor Category	-	1						
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00						
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.88	0.88	0.99	1.0	0.95	0.95	0.95
	Core drilled + roughening	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	N/A		0.88	0.96	0.96	0.82	0.82

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f'_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 55°C (130°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 80°C (176°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 120°C (248°F), Maximum long term temperature = 72°C (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

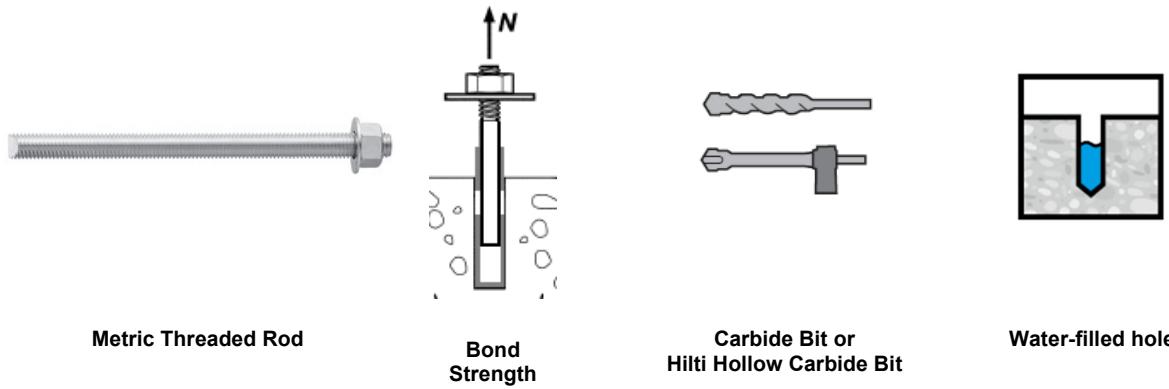


TABLE 19—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal rod diameter (mm)							
			10	12	16	20	24	27	30	
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	96 (3.8)	108 (4.3)	120 (4.7)	
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	480 (18.9)	540 (21.3)	600 (23.6)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	10.9	10.4	10.0	9.7
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	10.9	10.4	10.0	9.7
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	9.9	9.7	9.3	8.9	8.5	8.2	7.9
Permissible Installation Conditions	Water-filled hole	Anchor Category	-				3			
	Resistance modification factor	R_{wf}	-				0.75			
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.88	0.88	0.99	1.0	0.95	0.95	0.95

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 55°C (130°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 80°C (176°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 120°C (248°F), Maximum long term temperature = 72°C (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



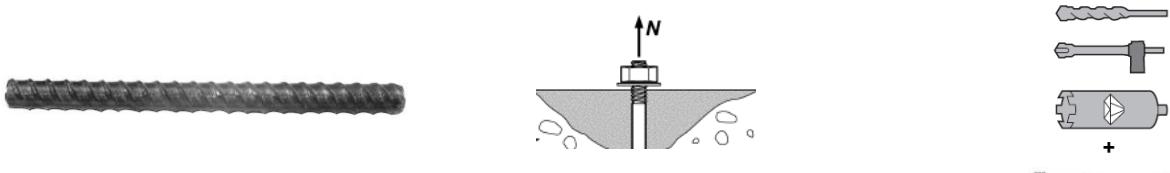
Canadian Reinforcing Bars Steel Strength

TABLE 20—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size				
			10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Nominal bar diameter	<i>d</i>	mm (in.)	11.3 (0.445)	16.0 (0.630)	19.5 (0.768)	25.2 (0.992)	29.9 (1.177)
Bar effective cross-sectional area	<i>A_{se}</i>	mm ² (in. ²)	100.3 (0.155)	201.1 (0.312)	298.6 (0.463)	498.8 (0.773)	702.2 (1.088)
CSA G30	<i>N_{sa}</i>	kN	54.0	108.5	161.5	270.0	380.0
	<i>V_{sa}</i>	kN	32.5	65.0	97.0	161.5	227.5
	αv_{seis}	-			0.70		
	<i>R</i>	-			0.70		
Resistance modification factor for shear ²	<i>R</i>	-			0.65		

For SI: 1 inch ≈ 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.² The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or
Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or
Diamond Core Bit with Roughening ToolTABLE 21—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS
IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT), OR DIAMOND CORE BIT¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size				
			10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	<i>k_{c,cr}</i>	SI (in-lb)			7.1 (17)		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	<i>k_{c,uncr}</i>	SI (in-lb)			10 (24)		
Minimum Embedment	<i>h_{ef,min}</i>	mm (in.)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	101 (4.0)	120 (4.7)
Maximum Embedment	<i>h_{ef,max}</i>	mm (in.)	226 (8.9)	320 (12.6)	390 (15.4)	504 (19.8)	598 (23.5)
Min. bar spacing ³	<i>s_{min}</i>	mm (in.)	57 (2.2)	80 (3.1)	98 (3.8)	126 (5.0)	150 (5.9)
Min. edge distance ³	<i>c_{min}</i>	mm (in.)	5d; or see Table 1 of this report for design with reduced minimum edge distances				
Minimum concrete thickness	<i>h_{min}</i>	mm (in.)	<i>h_{ef}</i> + 30 (<i>h_{ef}</i> + 1 1/4)			<i>h_{ef}</i> + 2 <i>d₀</i> ⁽³⁾	
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	<i>c_{ac}</i>	-			2 <i>h_{ef}</i>		
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	<i>R</i>	-			1.00		
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	<i>R</i>	-			1.00		

For SI: 1 inch ≈ 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 2, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).² Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or prout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, *R*, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.³ d_0 = hole diameter.

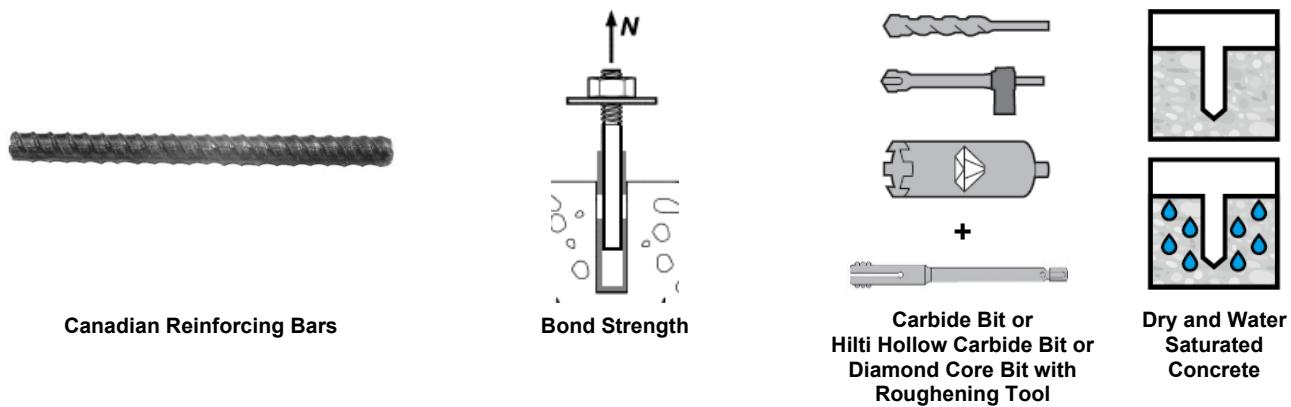


TABLE 22—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Bar size				
			10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Minimum Embedment	$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	101 (4.0)	120 (4.7)
Maximum Embedment	$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	226 (8.9)	320 (12.6)	390 (15.4)	504 (19.8)	598 (23.5)
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.1	6.2	6.2	4.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
Permissible installation conditions	Dry and water saturated concrete 	Anchor Category	-	1			
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00			
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80		0.85	0.97
	Core drilled + roughening 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	N/A	0.71	0.77	N/A

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 55°C (130°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 80°C (176°F), Maximum long term temperature = 43°C (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 120°C (248°F), Maximum long term temperature = 72°C (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

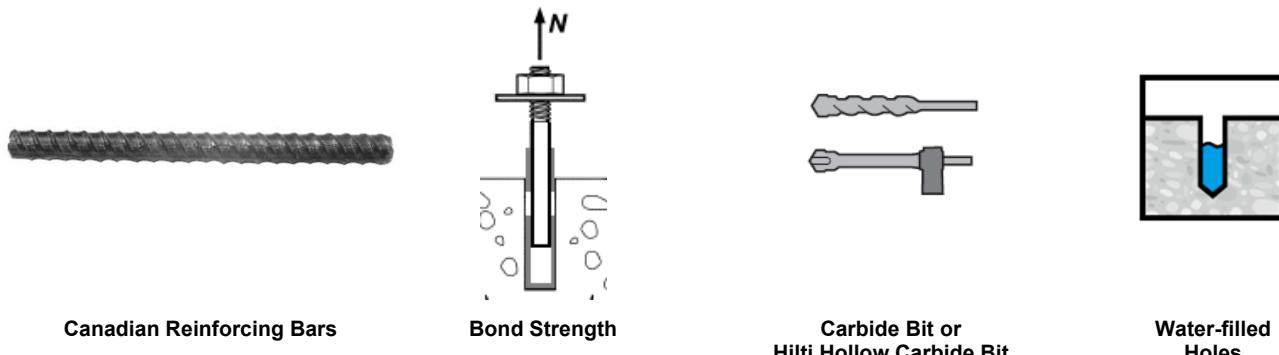


TABLE 23—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Bar size				
				10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Minimum Embedment		$h_{ef,min}$	mm (in.)	70 (2.8)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	101 (4.0)	120 (4.7)
Maximum Embedment		$h_{ef,max}$	mm (in.)	226 (8.9)	320 (12.6)	390 (15.4)	504 (19.8)	598 (23.5)
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.3	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	7.3	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.8
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.1	6.1	4.7	6.0
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Permissible installation conditions	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	3				
	Resistance modification factor	R_{wf}	-	0.75				
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.80			0.85	0.97

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf $=$ 4,448 N, 1 psi $=$ 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm $=$ 0.03937 inches, 1 N $=$ 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa $=$ 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f'_c = 17.2$ MPa (2,500 psi). For concrete compressive strength, f'_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of: $(f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$ [For pound-inch $(f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$].

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature $= 55^\circ\text{C}$ (130°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature $= 80^\circ\text{C}$ (176°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 43^\circ\text{C}$ (110°F).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature $= 120^\circ\text{C}$ (248°F), Maximum long term temperature $= 72^\circ\text{C}$ (162°F).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN
Internal Threaded Insert Steel Strength

TABLE 24—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS¹

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (in.) Fractional				Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (mm) Metric				
				3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4		8	10	12	16	20
HIS Insert O.D.		D	in. (mm)	0.65 (16.5)	0.81 (20.5)	1.00 (25.4)	1.09 (27.6)	mm (in.)	12.5 (0.49)	16.5 (0.65)	20.5 (0.81)	25.4 (1.00)	27.6 (1.09)
HIS insert length		I	in. (mm)	4.33 (110)	4.92 (125)	6.69 (170)	8.07 (205)	mm (in.)	90 (3.54)	110 (4.33)	125 (4.92)	170 (6.69)	205 (8.07)
Bolt effective cross-sectional area		A _{se}	in. ² (mm ²)	0.0775 (50)	0.1419 (92)	0.2260 (146)	0.3345 (216)	mm ² (in. ²)	36.6 (0.057)	58 (0.090)	84.3 (0.131)	157 (0.243)	245 (0.380)
HIS insert effective cross-sectional area		A _{insert}	in. ² (mm ²)	0.178 (115)	0.243 (157)	0.404 (260)	0.410 (265)	mm ² (in. ²)	51.5 (0.080)	108 (0.167)	169.1 (0.262)	256.1 (0.397)	237.6 (0.368)
ASTM A193 B7	Nominal steel strength – ASTM A193 B7 ³ bolt/cap screw	N _{sa}	kN	43.1	78.9	125.7	186.0	kN	-	-	-	-	-
		V _{sa}	kN	25.9	47.3	75.4	111.6	kN	-	-	-	-	-
	Nominal steel strength – HIS-N insert	N _{sa}	kN	56.3	72.0	119.8	121.7	kN	-	-	-	-	-
ASTM A193 Grade B8M SS	Nominal steel strength – ASTM A193 Grade B8M SS bolt/cap screw	N _{sa}	kN	37.9	69.4	110.6	163.7	kN	-	-	-	-	-
		V _{sa}	kN	22.8	41.7	66.3	98.2	kN	-	-	-	-	-
	Nominal steel strength – HIS-RN insert	N _{sa}	kN	76.3	104.2	173.3	175.9	kN	-	-	-	-	-
ISO 898-1 Class 8.8	Nominal steel strength – ISO 898-1 Class 8.8 bolt/cap screw	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	29.5	46.5	67.5	125.5	196.0
		V _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	17.5	28.0	40.5	75.5	117.5
	Nominal steel strength – HIS-N insert	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	25.0	53.0	78.0	118.0	110.0
ISO 3506-1 Class A4-70 Stainless	Nominal steel strength – ISO 3506-1 Class A4-70 Stainless bolt/cap screw	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	25.5	40.5	59.0	110.0	171.5
		V _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	15.5	24.5	35.5	66.0	103.0
	Nominal steel strength – HIS-RN insert	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	kN	36.0	75.5	118.5	179.5	166.5
Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-		0.94				-	0.94				
Resistance modification factor for tension ²	R	-		0.70				-	0.70				
Resistance modification factor for shear ²	R	-		0.65				-	0.65				

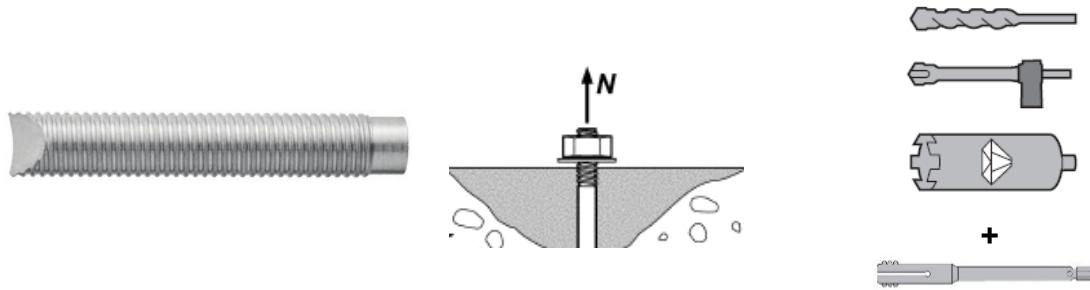
For SI: 1 inch ≈ 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 Eq. D.2 and Eq. D.3.

² The tabulated value of material resistance factors ϕ_e and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R, applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBCC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

³ For the calculation of the design steel strength in tension and shear for the bolt or screw, the R factor for ductile steel failure according to CSA A23.3-14 Section D.5.3, as applicable, can be used.



Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN Internal Threaded Insert

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or
Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or
Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool

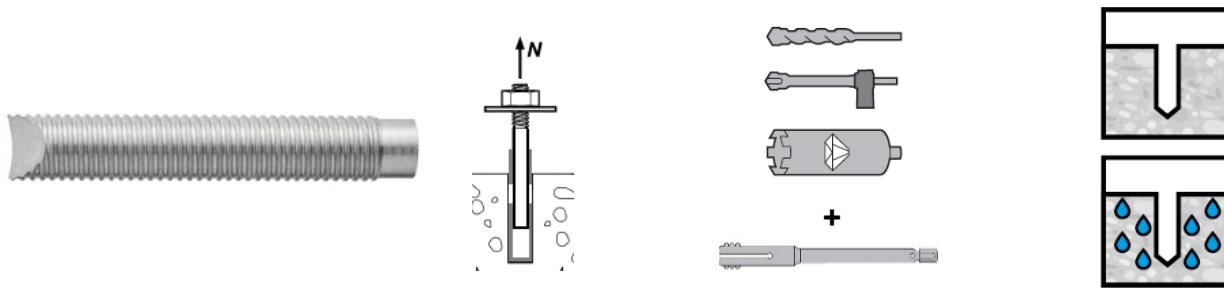
TABLE 25—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (in.) Fractional				Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (mm) Metric				
			3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4		8	10	12	16	20
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	$k_{c,cr}$	in-lb (SI)	17 (7.1)				SI (in-lb)	7.1 (17)				
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	$k_{c,uncr}$	in-lb (SI)	24 (10)				SI (in-lb)	10 (24)				
Effective embedment depth	h_{ef}	in. (mm)	4 ³ / ₈ (110)	5 (125)	6 ³ / ₄ (170)	8 ¹ / ₈ (205)	mm (in.)	90 (3.5)	110 (4.3)	125 (4.9)	170 (6.7)	205 (8.1)
Min. anchor spacing ³	s_{min}	in. (mm)	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	4 (102)	5 (127)	5 ¹ / ₂ (140)	mm (in.)	63 (2.5)	83 (3.25)	102 (4.0)	127 (5.0)	140 (5.5)
Min. edge distance ³	c_{min}	in. (mm)	3 ¹ / ₄ (83)	4 (102)	5 (127)	5 ¹ / ₂ (140)	mm (in.)	63 (2.5)	83 (3.25)	102 (4.0)	127 (5.0)	140 (5.5)
Minimum concrete thickness	h_{min}	in. (mm)	5.9 (150)	6.7 (170)	9.1 (230)	10.6 (270)	mm (in.)	120 (4.7)	150 (5.9)	170 (6.7)	230 (9.1)	270 (10.6)
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	c_{ac}	-	2 h_{ef}				-	2 h_{ef}				
Resistance modification factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00				-	1.00				
Resistance modification factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ²	R	-	1.00				-	1.00				

For **SI**: 1 inch ≈ 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.
For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 2, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pullout or prout governs, as set forth in CSA A23.3-14 D.5. The tabulated value of the material resistance factors ϕ_c and ϕ_s , and resistance modification factor, R , applies when the load combinations of Division B, Part 4, Section 4.1.3 of the 2015 NBC or Annex C of CSA A23.3-14 are used.



Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN Internal Threaded Insert

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool

Dry and Water Saturated Concrete

TABLE 26—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (in.) Fractional				Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (mm) Metric					
			3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4		8	10	12	16	20	
Effective embedment depth	h_{ef}	in. (mm)	4 3/8 (110)	5 (125)	6 3/4 (170)	8 1/8 (205)	mm (in.)	90 (3.5)	110 (4.3)	125 (4.9)	170 (6.7)	205 (8.1)	
HIS Insert O.D.	D	in. (mm)	0.65 (16.5)	0.81 (20.5)	1.00 (25.4)	1.09 (27.6)	mm (in.)	12.5 (0.49)	16.5 (0.65)	20.5 (0.81)	25.4 (1.00)	27.6 (1.09)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3	MPa	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3	MPa	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	MPa	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.2	MPa	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.2
	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	MPa	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	MPa	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Permissible installation conditions	Dry and water saturated conc. 	Anchor Category	-	1				-	1				
	Resistance modification factor	R_d, R_{ws}	-	1.00				-	1.00				
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.92				-	0.92				
	Core drilled + roughening 	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.76	-	N/A	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.76

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ for uncracked concrete, [For SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$] and $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.3}$ for cracked concrete, [For SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.3}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Conditions of listing:

1. The listing report addresses only conformance with the standards and code sections noted above.
2. Approval of the product's use is the sole responsibility of the local code official.
3. The listing report applies only to the materials tested and as submitted for review by ICC-ES.
4. Anchor sizes, dimensions, minimum embedment depths and other installation parameters are as set forth in this listing report.
5. Anchors must be limited to use in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) to 58.6 MPa (8,500 psi).
6. The values of f'_c , used for calculation purposes must not exceed 55 MPa.
7. Limit states design values must be established in accordance with this listing report.
8. The use of fatigue or shock loading for these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this listing report.
9. Anchors may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind or seismic forces in locations designed according to NBCC 2015.
10. Where not otherwise prohibited in the code as referenced in CSA A23.3-14, Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor System are permitted for use with fire-resistance-rated construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - a. Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - b. Anchors that support a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fire-resistance-rated membrane are protected by approved fire-resistance-rated materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - c. Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
11. Use of zinc-coated carbon steel anchors is limited to dry, interior locations.
12. Use of anchors made of stainless steel as specified in this report are permitted for exterior exposure and damp environments.
13. Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated wood and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
14. Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program, and the certification shall include written and performance tests in accordance with the ACI/CRSI Adhesive Anchor Installer Certification program, or equivalent in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.3. The installation shall be continuously inspected during installation by an inspector specially approved for that purpose. The special inspector shall furnish a report to the licensed design professional and building official that the work covered by the report has been performed and that the materials used and the installation procedures used conform with the approved contract documents and the MPII in accordance with CSA A23.3-14 D.10.2.4.
15. Anchors shall not be used for applications where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F (5°C) or less to 80°F (27°C) or higher within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building facade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
16. Anchors may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between -10°C and 40°C (14°F and 104°F) for threaded rods, rebar, and Hilti HIS-(R)N inserts. Overhead installations for hole diameters larger than $\frac{7}{16}$ -inch or 10mm require the use of piston plugs (HIT-SZ, -IP) during injection to the back of the hole. $\frac{7}{16}$ -inch diameter holes may be injected directly to the back of the hole with the use of extension tubing on the end of the nozzle. The anchor or post-installed reinforcing bars must be supported until fully cured (i.e., with Hilti HIT-OHW wedges, or other suitable means). Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance. Installation in concrete temperature below 0°C (32°F) requires the adhesive to be conditioned to a minimum temperature of 0°C (32°F).